

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS**

-----X	:	
HD YORSTON, on Behalf of Himself and	:	
All Others Similarly Situated,	:	
	:	Civ. No. 05 CV 10166 (PBS)
Plaintiff,	:	
	:	
vs.	:	
	:	
EPIX PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., MICHAEL	:	
D. WEBB, PEYTON J. MARSHALL, and	:	
ANDREW UPRICHARD,	:	
	:	
Defendants.	:	
	:	
-----X	:	
[Additional Captions Set Forth Below]		

AFFIDAVIT OF AARON BRODY

-----X
ROBERT GREENE, Individually and on Behalf of
All Others Similarly Situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

EPIX PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., Formerly
Known as Epix Medical, Inc., MICHAEL D. WEBB
PEYTON J. MARSHALL, and ANDREW
UPRICHARD,

Defendants.
-----X

Civ. No. 05 CV 10194 (WGY)

JOHN C. JOHNSON JR. DEFINED BENEFIT
PENSION PLAN, Individually and on Behalf of
All Others Similarly Situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

EPIX PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., Formerly
Known as Epix Medical, Inc., MICHAEL D. WEBB
PEYTON J. MARSHALL, and ANDREW
UPRICHARD,

Defendants.
-----X

Civ. No. 05 CV 10272 (GAO)

-----X
:
DORAVILLE MANAGEMENT II CORP. by
Donalz Ramirez, President, on Behalf of Himself and
All Others Similarly Situated,
:

Plaintiff,
:

vs.
:

EPIX PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., MICHAEL
D. WEBB, PEYTON J. MARSHALL, and
ANDREW UPRICHARD,
:

Defendants.
:

Civ. No. 05 CV 10288 (PBS)

-----X
:
STANLEY A. KIM, on Behalf of Himself and
All Others Similarly Situated,
:

Plaintiff,
:

vs.
:

EPIX PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., MICHAEL
D. WEBB, PEYTON J. MARSHALL, and
ANDREW UPRICHARD,
:

Defendants.
:

Civ. No. 05 CV 10315 (PBS)

-----X

-----X
YALE TOLWIN, on Behalf of Himself and
All Others Similarly Situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

EPIX PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., MICHAEL
D. WEBB, PEYTON J. MARSHALL, and
ANDREW UPRICHARD,

Defendants.
-----X

Civ. No. 05 CV 10388 (PBS)

SANDRA V. BIESTERFELDT, JOHN W.
BIESTERFELDT, CHRISTINE M. PIPER,
DOUGLAS S. PIPER, WALTER J. SWINDELL,
MARY M. WEBER, and SCOTT WEBER, on
Behalf of Themselves and All Persons Similarly
Situated

Plaintiff,

vs.

EPIX PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., MICHAEL
D. WEBB, PEYTON J. MARSHALL, and
ANDREW UPRICHARD,

Defendants.
-----X

Civ. No. 05 CV 10559 (PBS)

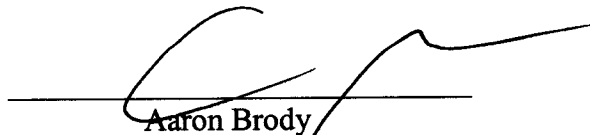
AARON BRODY, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

1. I am a member of the law firm of Stull, Stull & Brody. I respectfully submit this Affidavit in Support of the Towlin Group for (i) Consolidation; (ii) Appointment as Lead Plaintiff; and (iii) Approval of their Choice of Counsel.

2. Attached hereto are copies of the following documents:

- A. The January 27, 2005 Notice of Pendency of Class Action against Defendants for violation of certain provisions of the federal securities laws for the class period July 10, 2003 through January 14, 2005, inclusive.
- B. Lead Plaintiff Certifications of the Towlin Group in EPIX securities;
- C. Chart setting forth purchases, sales and losses of the Towlin Group in EPIX securities
- D. Firm Biography of Stull, Stull & Brody;
- E. Firm Biography of Weiss & Lurie; and
- F. Firm Biography of Gilman & Pastor, LLP

Signed under the pains and penalties of perjury this 24th day of March, 2005.



Aaron Brody

EXHIBIT A

Source: [News & Business > News > Wire Service Stories](#) 

Terms: **epix** and **"lead plaintiff"** ([Edit Search](#))

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Business Wire January 27, 2005 Thursday

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January 27, 2005 Thursday 9:40 PM GMT

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LENGTH: 735 words

HEADLINE: Lerach Coughlin Stola Geller Rudman & Robbins LLP Files Class Action Suit against **EPIX** Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

DATELINE: NEW YORK Jan. 27, 2005

BODY:

Lerach Coughlin Stola Geller Rudman & Robbins LLP ("Lerach Coughlin") (<http://www.lerachlaw.com/cases/epix/>) today announced that a class action lawsuit has been commenced in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts on behalf of purchasers of **EPIX** Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("**EPIX**") (NASDAQ:**EPIX**) securities during the period between July 10, 2003 and January 14, 2005 (the "Class Period").

If you wish to serve as **lead plaintiff**, you must move the Court no later than 60 days from today. If you wish to discuss this action or have any questions concerning this notice or your rights or interests, please contact plaintiff's counsel, Samuel H. Rudman or David A. Rosenfeld of Lerach Coughlin at 800/449-4900 or 619/231-1058 or via e-mail at wsr@lerachlaw.com. If you are a member of this class, you can view a copy of the complaint as filed or join this class action online at <http://www.lerachlaw.com/cases/epix/>. Any member of the purported class may move the Court to serve as **lead plaintiff** through counsel of their choice, or may choose to do nothing and remain an absent class member.

The complaint charges **EPIX** and certain of its officers and directors with violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. **EPIX** (formerly known as **EPIX** Medical Inc.) is a developer of targeted contrast agents that are designed to improve the diagnostic quality of images produced by magnetic resonance imaging ("MRI"). MRI is an imaging technology for a range of applications, including the identification and diagnosis of a variety of medical disorders.

The complaint alleges that, by the start of the Class Period, defendants became aware of clinical quality issues with the underlying data for their MS-325 Phase III program. MS-325 is designed to provide visual imaging of the vascular system through a type of MRI known as magnetic resonance angiography. These issues, including the generation of unintelligible imaging scans, made difficult, if not impossible, the proper control of their clinical test results and statistical analysis of the data and results. On December 16, 2003, defendants announced the submission of their New Drug Application ("NDA") for MS-325. Defendants continued to conceal the serious problems with their clinical program, specifically the poor quality of the underlying clinical data and problems with the statistical analysis. Defendants instead made positive and encouraging remarks about their "extensive scientific and clinical

development" activities and prospects for product approval.

Then, on January 14, 2005, as alleged in the Complaint, the Company reported shocking news about the MS-325 submission. Although defendants sought to place a positive spin on their receipt of an "approvable" action letter from the U.S. Food & Drug Administration ("FDA") for MS-325, the news was far from positive. The FDA had determined that problems with the Phase III clinical trials were so serious that it was impossible for them to come to a conclusion about the efficacy of MS-325. Worse, the FDA noted problems with the underlying data itself, problems that could not be resolved simply on the basis of re-analysis of the data. Thus, defendants delivered a serious setback to investors and, based on their news, the price of **EPIX** stock plunged 27%, to \$10.67, for a loss of \$3.98 per share, on volume of 11 million shares.

Plaintiff seeks to recover damages on behalf of all purchasers of **EPIX** securities during the Class Period (the "Class"). The plaintiff is represented by Lerach Coughlin, which has expertise in prosecuting investor class actions and extensive experience in actions involving financial fraud.

Lerach Coughlin, a 140-lawyer firm with offices in San Diego, San Francisco, Los Angeles, New York, Boca Raton, Washington, D.C., Houston, Philadelphia and Seattle, is active in major litigations pending in federal and state courts throughout the United States and has taken a leading role in many important actions on behalf of defrauded investors, consumers, and companies, as well as victims of human rights violations. Lerach Coughlin lawyers have been responsible for more than \$20 billion in aggregate recoveries. The Lerach Coughlin Web site (<http://www.lerachlaw.com>) has more information about the firm.

CONTACT: Lerach Coughlin Stola Geller Rudman & Robbins LLP William Lerach, 800-449-4900 Samuel H. Rudman David A. Rosenfeld ws1@lerachlaw.com

URL: <http://www.businesswire.com>

LOAD-DATE: January 28, 2005

Source: [News & Business](#) > [News](#) > [Wire Service Stories](#) 

Terms: **epix** and **"lead plaintiff"** ([Edit Search](#))

View: Full

Date/Time: Tuesday, March 22, 2005 - 4:32 PM EST

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EXHIBIT B

CERTIFICATION OF NAMED PLAINTIFF
PURSUANT TO FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS

I, Yale Tolwin, duly certify and state:

1. I make this declaration pursuant to Section 101 of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 as required by Section 21D(a)(2) of Title I of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Act").

2. I have reviewed the complaint entitled *Tolwin v. EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc., et al.*, adopt its allegations and authorize the filing of it or a similar complaint, if required.

3. I did not purchase the security that is the subject of this action at the direction of counsel or in order to participate in any private action arising under Title I of the Act.

4. I am willing to serve as a representative party on behalf of the class, including providing testimony at deposition and trial, if necessary.

5. To the best of my current knowledge, the following are all of my transactions in EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc., common stock during the period between July 10, 2003 and January 14, 2005, the Class Period specified in the Complaint:

Date	Ticker Symbol	Type of Security (stock/bond)	Number of Shares	Purchase or Sale	Price Per Share
9-17-03	EAIX	stock	600	Purchase	\$19.54
9-17-03	EAIX	"	200	"	19.59
9-17-03	EAIX	"	100	"	19.605

CERTIFICATION OF NAMED PLAINTIFF
PURSUANT TO FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS

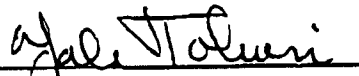
6. During the three year period preceding the date on which this certification is signed, I have not served or sought to serve as a class representative in any case brought under the Federal Securities Laws, except as follows: _____

7. I will not accept any payment for serving as a representative party on behalf of the class beyond plaintiff's *pro rata* share of any recovery, except as ordered or approved by the court, including any award for reasonable costs and expenses (including lost wages) directly relating to the representation of the class.

8. The matters stated in this declaration are true to the best of my current knowledge, information and belief.

9. I hereby certify, under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the United States of America, that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated: 2-22-05


(signature)

YULE TOLWIN
(printed name)

PLAINTIFF CERTIFICATION

Walter J. Swindell ("Plaintiff") hereby states that:

1. Plaintiff has reviewed the complaint and has authorized the filing of the complaint on his/her behalf.
2. Plaintiff did not purchase any common stock/securities of **EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** at the direction of his/her counsel or in order to participate in this private action.
3. Plaintiff is willing to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class, including providing testimony at deposition and trial, if necessary. I understand that the litigation is not settled, this is not a claim form, and sharing in any recovery is not dependent upon execution of this Plaintiff Certification. I am willing to serve as a lead plaintiff either individually or as part of a group. A lead plaintiff is a representative party who acts on behalf of other class members in directing the action.
4. The following includes all of Plaintiff's transactions in **EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** common stock/securities during the class period specified in the complaint:

<u>SECURITY</u> (Common Stock, Call, Put, Bonds)	<u>TRANSACTION</u> (Purchase, Sale)	<u>TRADE DATE</u>	<u>PRICE PER</u> <u>SECURITIES/SHARE</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>
EPIX	Purchase	5/4/2004	25.54	1000
EPIX	Sale	8/4/2004	17.30	1000

Please list other transactions on a separate sheet of paper, if necessary.

5. Plaintiff has not served or sought to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class under the federal securities laws during the last three years, unless otherwise stated in the space below:
6. Plaintiff will not accept any payment for serving as a representative party on behalf of a class except to receive his pro rata share of any recovery, or as ordered or approved by the court including the award to a representative party of reasonable costs and expenses including lost wages relating to the representation of the class.

Plaintiff declares under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 24 day of March, 2005.

Walter J. Swindell (S)
Signature

PLAINTIFF CERTIFICATION

Douglas S. Piper
Christine M. Piper

("Plaintiff") hereby states that:

1. Plaintiff has reviewed the complaint and has authorized the filing of the complaint on his/her behalf.
2. Plaintiff did not purchase any common stock/securities of **EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** at the direction of his/her counsel or in order to participate in this private action.
3. Plaintiff is willing to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class, including providing testimony at deposition and trial, if necessary.
4. The following includes all of Plaintiff's transactions in **EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** common stock/securities during the class period specified in the complaint:

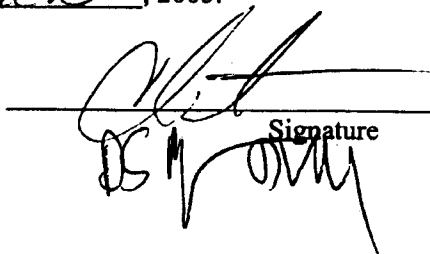
<u>SECURITY</u> (Common Stock, Call, Put, Bonds)	<u>TRANSACTION</u> (Purchase, Sale)	<u>TRADE DATE</u>	<u>PRICE PER</u> <u>SECURITIES/SHARE</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>
Stock	Purchase	2/23/04	20.939	185
Stock	Purchase	10/27/04	16.52	400
Stock	Purchase	1/2/05	10.829	215

Please list other transactions on a separate sheet of paper, if necessary.

5. Plaintiff has not served or sought to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class under the federal securities laws during the last three years, unless otherwise stated in the space below:
6. Plaintiff will not accept any payment for serving as a representative party on behalf of a class except to receive his pro rata share of any recovery, or as ordered or approved by the court including the award to a representative party of reasonable costs and expenses including lost wages relating to the representation of the class.

Plaintiff declares under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 18 day of March, 2005.


 Signature

PLAINTIFF CERTIFICATION

Peter Kersloot ("Plaintiff") hereby states that:

1. Plaintiff has reviewed the complaint and has authorized the filing of the complaint on his/her behalf.

2. Plaintiff did not purchase any common stock/securities of **EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** at the direction of his/her counsel or in order to participate in this private action.

3. Plaintiff is willing to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class, including providing testimony at deposition and trial, if necessary. I understand that the litigation is not settled, this is not a claim form, and sharing in any recovery is not dependent upon execution of this Plaintiff Certification. I am willing to serve as a lead plaintiff either individually or as part of a group. A lead plaintiff is a representative party who acts on behalf of other class members in directing the action.

4. The following includes all of Plaintiff's transactions in **EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** common stock/securities during the class period specified in the complaint:

<u>SECURITY</u> (Common Stock, Call, Put, Bonds)	<u>TRANSACTION</u> (Purchase, Sale)	<u>TRADE DATE</u>	<u>PRICE PER</u> <u>SECURITIES/SHARE</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>
Common stock	Purchase	06-Oct-2004	\$ 17.00	500

Please list other transactions on a separate sheet of paper, if necessary.

5. Plaintiff has not served or sought to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class under the federal securities laws during the last three years, unless otherwise stated in the space below:

6. Plaintiff will not accept any payment for serving as a representative party on behalf of a class except to receive his pro rata share of any recovery, or as ordered or approved by the court including the award to a representative party of reasonable costs and expenses including lost wages relating to the representation of the class.

Plaintiff declares under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 24th day of March, 2005



Signature

PLAINTIFF CERTIFICATION

Rod Rogers ("Plaintiff") hereby states that:

1. Plaintiff has reviewed the complaint and has authorized the filing of the complaint on his/her behalf.
2. Plaintiff did not purchase any common stock/securities of **EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** at the direction of his/her counsel or in order to participate in this private action.
3. Plaintiff is willing to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class, including providing testimony at deposition and trial, if necessary.
4. The following includes all of Plaintiff's transactions in **EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** common stock/securities during the class period specified in the complaint:

<u>SECURITY</u> (Common Stock, Call, Put, Bonds)	<u>TRANSACTION</u> (Purchase, Sale)	<u>TRADE DATE</u>	<u>PRICE PER</u> <u>SECURITIES/SHARE</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>
EPIX	Purchase	12/30/03	16.20	200
EPIX	Purchase	7/22/03	17.379	200

Amer. trade.
Ed Jones.

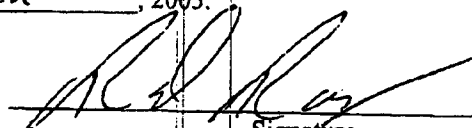
Please list other transactions on a separate sheet of paper, if necessary.

5. Plaintiff has not served or sought to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class under the federal securities laws during the last three years, unless otherwise stated in the space below:

6. Plaintiff will not accept any payment for serving as a representative party on behalf of a class except to receive his pro rata share of any recovery, or as ordered or approved by the court including the award to a representative party of reasonable costs and expenses including lost wages relating to the representation of the class.

Plaintiff declares under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 22 day of March, 2005.


Signature

PLAINTIFF CERTIFICATION

JAMES F. KOHL
("Plaintiff") hereby states that:

1. Plaintiff has reviewed the complaint and has authorized the filing of the complaint on his/~~her~~ behalf.
2. Plaintiff did not purchase any common stock/securities of **Bradley Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** at the direction of his/~~her~~ counsel or in order to participate in this private action.
3. Plaintiff is willing to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class, including providing testimony at deposition and trial, if necessary. - WITH APPROPRIATE REIMBURSEMENT OF HIS EXPENSES & TIME.
4. The following includes all of Plaintiff's transactions in **Bradley Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** common stock/securities during the class period specified in the complaint:

<u>SECURITY</u> (Common Stock, Call, Put, Bonds)	<u>TRANSACTION</u> (Purchase, Sale)	<u>TRADE DATE</u>	<u>PRICE PER</u> <u>SECURITIES/SHARE</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>
COMMON STOCK	PURCHASE	2/1/04	24.00	200
COMMON STOCK	SALE	3/1/05	9.35	200

Please list other transactions on a separate sheet of paper, if necessary.

5. Plaintiff has not served or sought to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class under the federal securities laws during the last three years, unless otherwise stated in the space below:
6. Plaintiff will not accept any payment for serving as a representative party on behalf of a class except to receive his pro rata share of any recovery, or as ordered or approved by the court including the award to a representative party of reasonable costs and expenses including lost wages relating to the representation of the class.

Plaintiff declares under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 24 day of MARCH, 2005.

James F. Kohl
Signature

PLAINTIFF CERTIFICATION

Mary M Weber ("Plaintiff") hereby states that:

1. Plaintiff has reviewed the complaint and has authorized the filing of the complaint on his/her behalf.
2. Plaintiff did not purchase any common stock/securities of **EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** at the direction of his/her counsel or in order to participate in this private action.
3. Plaintiff is willing to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class, including providing testimony at deposition and trial, if necessary.
4. The following includes all of Plaintiff's transactions in **EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** common stock/securities during the class period specified in the complaint:

<u>SECURITY</u> (Common Stock, Call, Put, Bonds)	<u>TRANSACTION</u> (Purchase, Sale)	<u>TRADE DATE</u>	<u>PRICE PER</u> <u>SECURITIES/SHARE</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>
EPIX	5-10-04	5-13-04	22.8090	190

Please list other transactions on a separate sheet of paper, if necessary.

5. Plaintiff has not served or sought to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class under the federal securities laws during the last three years, unless otherwise stated in the space below:
6. Plaintiff will not accept any payment for serving as a representative party on behalf of a class except to receive his pro rata share of any recovery, or as ordered or approved by the court including the award to a representative party of reasonable costs and expenses including lost wages relating to the representation of the class.

Plaintiff declares under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 16 day of March, 2005.

Mary M Weber

Signature

PLAINTIFF CERTIFICATION

Scott Weber ("Plaintiff") hereby states that:

1. Plaintiff has reviewed the complaint and has authorized the filing of the complaint on his/her behalf.
2. Plaintiff did not purchase any common stock/securities of **EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** at the direction of his/her counsel or in order to participate in this private action.
3. Plaintiff is willing to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class, including providing testimony at deposition and trial, if necessary.
4. The following includes all of Plaintiff's transactions in **EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.** common stock/securities during the class period specified in the complaint:

<u>SECURITY</u> (Common Stock, Call, Put, Bonds)	<u>TRANSACTION</u> (Purchase, Sale)	<u>TRADE DATE</u>	<u>PRICE PER</u> <u>SECURITIES/SHARE</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>
<u>EPIX Medical Inc</u>	<u>510-04</u>	<u>5-13-04</u>	<u>22.7990</u>	<u>160</u>

Please list other transactions on a separate sheet of paper, if necessary.

5. Plaintiff has not served or sought to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class under the federal securities laws during the last three years, unless otherwise stated in the space below:
6. Plaintiff will not accept any payment for serving as a representative party on behalf of a class except to receive his pro rata share of any recovery, or as ordered or approved by the court including the award to a representative party of reasonable costs and expenses including lost wages relating to the representation of the class.

Plaintiff declares under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 16 day of MARCH, 2005.

Scott Weber

Signature

EXHIBIT C

Page 1 of 2

EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Movants' Register and Transaction Report

Proposed Lead Plaintiff	Date of Purchase	Number of Shares	Price Per Share	Cost Per Transaction	Date of Sale	Number of Shares Sold	Price of Sale	Gross Receipts	Gains (Losses)	Total Gain (Loss)
Tolwin, Yale	9/17/2003	600	\$19.54	\$11,724.00					(\$6,498.65)	(\$9,763.98)
	9/17/2003	200	\$19.59	\$3,918.00					(\$2,176.22)	
	9/17/2003	100	\$19.60	\$1,960.00					(\$1,089.11)	
Swindell, Walter J.	5/4/2004	1,000	\$25.54	\$25,540.00	8/4/2004	1,000	\$17.30	\$17,300.00	(\$8,240.00)	(\$8,240.00)
Piper, Douglas S. and Christine M.	2/23/2004	185	\$20.94	\$3,873.72					(\$2,262.57)	(\$5,842.82)
	10/27/2004	400	\$16.52	\$6,608.00					(\$3,124.43)	
	1/21/2005	215	\$10.83	\$2,328.24					(\$455.82)	
Kersloot, Peter	10/6/2004	500	\$17.00	\$8,500.00					(\$4,145.54)	(\$4,145.54)
Rogers, Rod	7/22/2003	200	\$17.38	\$3,475.80					(\$1,734.02)	(\$3,232.23)
	12/30/2003	200	\$16.20	\$3,240.00					(\$1,498.22)	
Kohl, James E.	2/1/2004	200	\$24.00	\$4,800.00	3/1/2005	200	\$9.35	\$1,870.00	(\$2,930.00)	(\$2,930.00)
Weber, Mary M.	5/10/2004	190	\$22.81	\$4,333.71					(\$2,679.02)	(\$2,679.02)
Weber, Scott	5/10/2004	160	\$22.80	\$3,647.84					(\$2,254.41)	(\$2,254.41)
TOTALS:		4,150		\$83,949.30		1,200		\$19,170.00		(\$39,088.00)

EPIX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Movants' Register and Transaction Report

Page 2 of 2

Proposed Lead Plaintiff	Date of Purchase	Number of Shares	Price Per Share	Cost Per Transaction	Date of Sale	Number of Shares Sold	Price of Sale	Gross Receipts	Gains (Losses)	Total Gain (Loss)
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Explanatory notes

The total estimated damages of each Proposed Lead Plaintiff has been calculated in the following manner:

- 1) Common stock sold within the Class Period:
Damages with respect to shares sold within the Class Period have been based upon each proposed lead plaintiff's actual loss. Each Proposed Lead Plaintiff's actual loss has been offset by any gain realized by plaintiff as a result of sales made within the Class Period.
- 2) Common stock still held:
Purchase price of Epix common stock still held minus the mean trading price of Epix common stock between January 15, 2005 and March 21, 2005 (\$8.708913) multiplied by the number of shares held.
- 3) Common stock sold after the Class Period:
For shareholders who sold their shares after the end of the Class Period, their actual (non statutory) losses were calculated.
- 4) All losses have been calculated exclusive of costs, commissions and fees.

EXHIBIT D

STULL, STULL & BRODY
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

6 EAST 45TH STREET
SUITE 500
NEW YORK, NY 10017
TELEPHONE: (212) 687-7230
FACSIMILE: (212) 490-2022

10940 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD
SUITE 2300
LOS ANGELES, CA 90024
TELEPHONE: (310) 209-2468
FACSIMILE: (310) 209-2087

BRIEF BIOGRAPHY OF STULL, STULL & BRODY

Over the past 30 years, Stull, Stull & Brody has developed a national reputation representing plaintiffs in securities class actions. Stull, Stull & Brody has litigated hundreds of securities cases obtaining nearly a billion dollars in settlements for aggrieved shareholders. Stull, Stull & Brody has also represented claimants in numerous class actions alleging violations of ERISA. With 18 attorneys and a full complement of secretarial and administrative personnel, Stull, Stull & Brody is capable of effectively prosecuting all types of complex litigation. Our lawyers possess outstanding credentials and have repeatedly been acknowledged for their achievements.

Stull, Stull & Brody has been recognized by numerous Courts for the high quality of its legal representation and for its excellence in the field of securities as evidenced by the following comments of judges in cases where Stull, Stull & Brody has taken a leading role:

[T]his is one of the largest, if not the largest, securities fraud settlements in this district. The settlement size is particularly noteworthy as class counsel did not have the benefit of an SEC or other regulatory agency investigation and so prosecuted the case without assistance. . . . The management of the case was also of extremely high quality. . . . [C]lass counsel is of high caliber and has extensive experience in similar class action litigation. Each of the co-lead counsel firms has a national reputation for advocacy in securities class actions, and there is no doubt that this standing enhanced their ability to prosecute the case effectively and to negotiate credibly. . . . The submissions were of consistently high quality, and class counsel has been notably diligent in preparing filing in a

timely manner even when under tight deadlines. *In re Ikon Office Solutions, Inc. Securities Litigation*, 2000 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 6510 (E.D. Pa. May 9, 2000).

I am satisfied that counsel in this case are highly competent, very skilled in this very specialized area and were at all times during the course of the litigation . . . well prepared, well spoken, []knew their stuff and []were a credit to their profession. They are the top of the line. *In Re Electro-Catheter Corporation Securities Litigation*, Civ. No. 87-41 (D.N.J. September 7, 1989).

The court takes note of the competence of both plaintiffs' counsel and defendants' counsel and their extensive experience in litigating securities class actions. The competence of plaintiffs' counsel resulted in this case being vigorously and efficiently prosecuted against very able opponents over a twenty month period and was a factor in bringing about settlement. *Schaffer v. Timberland Co.*, 94-634-JD (D.N.H. 1997).

This case is a "model for how commercial litigation should be conducted and can be resolved." *Bash v. Diagnostek*, CV 94-794 M (D.N.M.).

Indeed, I indicate to . . .counsel for plaintiff that they have done an admirable job in this case in bringing it to finality and in bringing back to the shareholders of this corporation some moneys [sic] as a result of certain things which occurred during the course of the operation of this corporation which perhaps should not have occurred. *Finkel v. O'Brien*, Civ. No. 85-2539 (D.N.J. March 27, 1990).

All the firms involved in this litigation are highly experienced and well respected, particularly in the field of securities law litigation. The Stull . . . firm [is one] of this area's, if not the nation's most active and successful law firms specializing in securities litigation. *Stull v. Baker*, 410 F.Supp. 1326, 1332 (S.D.N.Y. 1976).

Stull, Stull & Brody's expertise in the field of securities litigation has also been recognized by the following courts: *In re Frontier Group Insurance, Inc. Securities Litigation*, 172 F.R.D. 31 (E.D.N.Y. 1997); *In re Allegheny International Inc. Shareholder Litigation*, 86-835 (W.D. Pa.) (Order, December 10, 1987, Diamond J.); *Zucker v. United States Steel*, C-1-79-588 (S.D. Ohio) (Order, October 14, 1981, Rubin, C.J.); *Friedman v. Colgate Palmolive*, 80 Civ. 2340 (CPS) (E.D. N.Y.) (Order, June 16, 1981, Sifton, J.); *Zuckerman v. Sparton*, G79-457-C.A. (W.D. Mich.) (Opinion and Order, April 14, 1981, Fox, J.); *Mottoros v. Abrams*, 524 F.Supp. 254 (N.D. Ill. 1981); *Koenig v. Smith*, 79 C 452

(ERN) (E.D.N.Y.) (Memorandum Opinion and Order, December 3, 1980, Neaher, J.); *Koenig v. Kenneally*, 79 Civ. 0487 (LBS) (S.D.N.Y.) (Opinion No. 49289, November 5, 1979, Sand, J.); *In Re Commonwealth Oil-Tesoro Petroleum Securities Litigation*, MDL No. 347 (Order, July 24, 1979, Higginbotham, J.); *Wietschner v. McCulloch*, CV 78-4036-RMT (C.D. Ca.) (Order, June 29, 1979, Takasugi, J.); *Fruchthandler v. LTV Corp.*, 77C 1879 (E.D.N.Y.) (Order, May 10, 1978, Nickerson, J.); *Lewis v. Adikes*, 76 F.R.D. 68 (E.D.N.Y. 1977); *Lewis v. Black*, [1976-77 Transfer Binder] Fed. Sec. L. Rep. (CCH) ¶95,738 (E.D.N.Y. 1976) (Mishler, C.J.); *Fruchthandler v. Blakely*, 73 F.R.D. 318 (S.D.N.Y. 1976).

SEMINAL CASES

Throughout its 30 year history, Stull, Stull & Brody has been involved with a number of seminal cases that have significantly affected the landscape of securities litigation.

- ◆ In *Rand v. Monsanto Company*, 926 F.2d 596 (7th Cir. 1991), the firm appeared for the plaintiff in a landmark decision establishing the principle that a representative plaintiff need not be willing to bear all costs of an action to satisfy the adequacy of representation requirement.
- ◆ In *Small v. Fritz Companies Inc.*, 30 Cal.4th 167 (2003), the firm successfully argued before the California Supreme Court that a non-trading shareholder has the right to sue a corporation for damages where the shareholder relies on false financial statements issued by the corporation. The decision represented a significant doctrinal change and was widely heralded as a potent new weapon for investors.
- ◆ In *Lewis v. Black*, 74 F.R.D. 1 (E.D.N.Y. 1975), the firm established that neither the personality nor the motive of a proposed class representative was determinative of whether he would provide vigorous advocacy for the class, thereby preventing defendant corporations from compelling representatives to respond to questions regarding motives and actions in past cases.
- ◆ In *In re Cabletron Systems, Inc. Securities Litigation*, 311 F.3d 11 (1st Cir. 2002), the firm was instrumental in obtaining a reversal of a dismissal of a complaint under the pleading requirements of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act. This case established in the First Circuit that plaintiffs are not required to provide the names of informants in a complaint.
- ◆ In *In re Frontier Group Insurance Litigation*, Master File No. 94 Civ. 5213

(E.D.N.Y. 2002), the firm was instrumental in defeating a *Daubert* challenge and sustained the ability of the expert to testify as to aggregate damages based on the use of a trading model.

- ♦ In *Harman v. Lyphomed, Inc.*, 122 F.R.D. 522 (N.D. Ill. 1988) the firm established the applicability of the fraud-on-the-market theory of reliance for stocks trading on NASDAQ.
- ♦ The firm was instrumental in establishing new law on "fraud on the market" theory in the 5th Circuit decision of *Finkel v. Docutel/Olivetti Corporation*, 817 F.2d 356 (5th Cir. 1987), *cert. denied*, 485 U.S. 959 (1988), and, in the Northern District of Illinois decision of *Mottoros v. Abrams*, 524 F.Supp. 254 (N.D. Ill. 1981).

As a lead counsel, Stull, Stull & Brody has successfully litigated hundreds of actions, recovering nearly a billion dollars on behalf of defrauded shareholders. A sampling of these cases in which Stull, Stull & Brody had a leading role include:

- *In re BankAmerica Corp. Securities Litigation*, MDL No. 1264 (E.D. Mo. 2002) (recovery of \$333.2 million)
- *In re Geodyne Resources, Inc. Securities Litigation* (Harris County Tex.) (recovery of \$200 million)
- *In re Computer Associates Sec. Litig.*, Master File No. 98-CV-4839 (TCP) (E.D.N.Y. 2003) (recovery of 5.7 million shares (estimated at \$134 million))
- *In re Ikon Office Solutions, Inc. Securities Litigation*, 2000 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 6510 (E.D. Pa. May 9, 2000) (recovery of \$111 million)
- *Morse v. Abbott Laboratories*, C.A. No. 90 C 1982 (N.D. Ill. 1994) (jury verdict of \$15 million)
- *In re Salomon Brothers Treasury Litigation*, Consolidated Action No. 91 Civ. 5471 (RPP) (S.D.N.Y. 1994) (recovery of \$100 million)
- *In re Westinghouse Securities Litigation*, Civil Action No. 91-354 (W.D. Pa. 1999) (recovery of \$67.25 million)
- *In re Tenneco Inc. Securities Litigation*, Civ. Action No. H-91-2010 (S.D. Tex. 1992) (recovery of \$50 million)
- *In re Thomas & Betts Securities Litigation*, Case No. 00-2127 (W.D. Tenn. 2002) (recovery of \$46.5 million)
- *In re Apria Healthcare Group Securities Litigation*, Master File No. 797060 (Superior Court of California, Orange County) (recovery of \$42 million)

- *In re Cannon Group Securities Litigation*, 86-5559-WMB (JRx) (C.D. Ca. 1988) (recovery of \$33 million)
- *Teichler v. DSC Communications Corporation*, CA 3-85-2005-T (N.D. Tex. 1990) (recovery of \$30 million)
- *Berger v. Compaq Computer Corp.*, Civ. Action No. 98-1148 (S.D. Tex. 2002) (recovery of \$28.65 million)
- *In re: Northeast Utilities Securities Litigation*, Civil Action No. 397 CV 00189 AVC (D. Ct.) (recovery of \$25 million)
- *Lasky v. Brown (United Companies Financial Corporation) Securities Litigation*, Civil Action No. 99-1035-B-M2 (M.D. La. 2002) (recovery of \$20.5 million)
- *Feinberg v. Hibernia Corp.*, Civil Action No. 90-4245 (E.D. La. 1995) (recovery of \$20 million)
- *In re Dreyfus Aggressive Growth Mutual Fund Litigation*, Master File No. 98 Civ. 4318 (HB) (S.D.N.Y.) (recovery of \$18.5 million)
- *In re C.R. Bard, Inc. Securities Litigation*, Master File No. 90-948 (AMW) (D.N.J. 1991) (recovery of \$17.9 million)
- *Spring v. Continental Illinois Corporation*, 84 C 4648 (N.D. Ill. 1987) (recovery of \$17.5 million)
- *In re Green Tree Financial Corporation Stock Litigation*, Master File No. 97-2666 (JRT/RLE) (D. Minn. 2003) (\$12.45 million)
- *In re Elscint Securities Litigation*, Civ. Action No. 85-2662-K (D. Mass. 1989) (recovery of \$12 million)
- *In re National Medical Enterprises Securities Litigation II*, Case No. CV 93-5224 TJH (Bx) (C.D. Ca.) (recovery of \$11.65 million)
- *Bash v. Diagnostic, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 94-784 (D.N.M.) (recovery of \$10.7 million)
- *In re Cybermedia, Inc. Securities Litigation*, Master File No. 98-1811CBM (Ex) (C.D. Ca.) (recovery of \$10.5 million)
- *In re Complete Management Inc. Sec. Litig.*, Master File No. 99 Civ. 1454 (NRB) (S.D.N.Y.) (recovery of \$10.15 million)
- *In re Physicians Corp. of America Sec. Litig.*, Case No. 97-3678-CIV (S.D. Fla. 2003) (recovery of \$10.2 million)
- *In re U.S.A. Detergent Securities Litigation*, 97-CV-2459 (D.N.J. 1999)

(recovery of \$10 million)

- *In re Trump Hotels Shareholder Derivative Litig.*, 98-Civ-7820 (GEL) (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (recovery of assets for corporation valued in the range of \$10 million)
- *In re Nice Systems, Ltd. Securities Litigation*, Master File No. 2:01 CV 737 (Judge Greenaway) (D.N.J. 2003) (recovery of \$10 million, subject to court approval)
- *Harman v. Lyphomed*, 88 C 476 (N.D. Ill. 1989) (recovery of \$9.99 million)
- *In re Beverly Enterprises, Inc. Securities Litigation*, Master File No. CV 88-01189-RSWL (Tx) (C.D. Ca. 1992) (recovery of \$9.975 million)
- *Greenfield v. Compuserve Corp.*, Case No. 96-CV-06-4810 (Franklin County, Ohio) (recovery of \$9.5 million)
- *In re Stratosphere Securities Litigation*, Master File No. CV-S-96-00708-PMP (RLH) (D. Nev.) (recovery of \$9 million)
- *In re Steven Madden Ltd. Securities Litigation*, No. 00-CV-3676 (JG) (E.D.N.Y. 2002) (recovery of \$9 million, subject to court approval)
- *In re Gibraltar Financial Corporation Securities Litigation*, CV 87-07876 MRP (Gx) (C.D. Ca. 1989) (recovery of \$8.5 million)
- *In re FHP Securities Litigation*, Master File No. SACV 91-580-GLT (RWRx) (C.D. Ca. 1992) (recovery of \$8.25 million)
- *Zucker v. Maxicare Health Plans, Inc.*, Case No. 88-02499-LEW (Tx) (C.D. Ca. 1991) (recovery of \$8.1 million)
- *In re Orion Pictures Corp. Securities Litigation*, Master File No. 91 CV 1903 (CBA) (E.D.N.Y. 1992) (recovery of \$8 million)
- *Berlinsky v. Alcatel*, 94-CIV-9084 CBM (S.D.N.Y.) (recovery of \$8 million)
- *In re Triton Energy Corporation Securities Litigation*, Master File No. 3:92-CV-1069-H (N.D. Tex. 1993) (recovery of \$8 million)
- *In re Cityscape*, CV 97 5668 (E.D.N.Y.) (recovery of \$7 million)
- *In re Dime Savings Bank of New York Securities Litigation*, MDL Docket No. 846 (E.D.N.Y. 1993) (recovery of \$6.8 million)
- *In re Western Digital Securities Litigation*, SACV 91-375(A) GLT (RWRx) (C.D. Ca.) (recovery of \$6.75 million)
- *In re Bank of New England Corporation Class Action and Shareholder Liti-*

gations, C.A. Nos. 89-2582-S, 89-2811-S (D. Mass. 1992) (recovery of \$6.5 million)

- *Gerstein v. Micron Technology, Inc., et al.*, Civil No. 89-1262 (D. Id. 1993) (recovery of \$6 million)
- *In re Ziff-Davis, Inc. Securities Litigation*, Master File No. 98-CIV-7158 (SWK) (S.D.N.Y. 2002) (recovery of \$6 million)
- *Dynegy Inc., et al. v. Bernard V. Shapiro, et al.*, No. 2002-00080, in the 129th Judicial District, Harris County, Texas (recovery of \$6 million)
- *In re Ascend Communications Securities Litigation*, Case No. 97-9376 MRP (AN) (C.D. Ca. 2002) (recovery of \$5.45 million)
- *In re Brightpoint, Inc. Securities Litigation*, Case No. IP 01 1796 C-T/K (recovery of \$5.25 million)
- *Kushner v. Wang Laboratories*, Civil Action No. 89-1963-Y (D. Mass. 1994) (recovery of \$5 million)
- *In re SouthEast Banking Corp. Securities Litigation*, Master File No. 90-0760-CIV-MOORE (S.D. Fla. 1993) (recovery of \$5 million)
- *Wells v. Southmark Corporation, et al.*, CA3-85-1518-G (N.D. Tex. 1992) (recovery of \$5 million)
- *In re Sunglass Hut Intl., Inc. Securities Litigation*, Case No. 97-0191-CIV-MOORE (S.D. Fl. 2001) (recovery of \$4.5 million)
- *In re Fidelity Holdings Securities Litigation*, Case No. CV 00 5078 (CPS) (VVP) (E.D.N.Y. 2003) (recovery of \$4.45 million)
- *In re NetEase.com Sec. Litig.*, Civil Action No. 01-CV-9405 (RO) (S.D.N.Y. 2003) (recovery of \$4.35 million)
- *Schaffer v. Timberland Co.*, 94-634-JD (D.N.H. 1997) (recovery of \$4.2 million)
- *In re HMO America Securities Litigation*, Civ. No. 92 C 3305 (CPK) (N.D. Ill. 1993) (recovery of \$4 million)
- *In re Nanophase Technologies Corporation Securities Litigation*, Case No. 98 C 3450 (N.D. Ill.) (recovery of \$4 million)
- *In re Quintex Securities Litigation*, Master File No. CV-89-6182-R (C.D. Ca. 1990) (recovery of \$4 million)
- *Walsingham v. Biocontrol Tech. Inc.*, Civil Action No. 96-809 (W.D. Pa.) (recovery of \$3.7 million)

- *In re iTurf Inc. Shareholders Litigation*, Consolidated Civil Action No. 18242 NC (Delaware Chancery Court) (recovery of \$3.25 million)
- *In re Kay Jewelers Securities Litigation*, Civil Action No. 90-1663A (E.D. Va. 1991) (recovery of \$3 million)
- *Clarkson v. Greyhound Lines, Inc.*, 96-11329-C (Dist. Ct., Dallas County, Tex.) (recovery of \$3 million)
- *In re Spectrian Corp. Securities Litigation*, Master File No. C-97-4672-CW (N.D. Ca.) (recovery of \$2.975 million)
- *Moriarty v. Molina*, Case No. 99-0255-CIV-MORENO (S.D. Fla. 2003) (recovery of \$2.8 million)
- *In re Peritus Software Services, Inc. Securities Litigation*, Civ. Action No. 98CV10955 WGY (D. Mass. 2000) (recovery of \$2.8 million)
- *In re 2TheMart.com, Inc. Sec. Litig.*, Case No. 99-1127 DOC (ANx) (C.D. Ca. 2002) (recovery of \$2.7 million)
- *McBride v. Vision Twenty-One, Inc.*, Case No. 99-138-CIV-T-25F (M.D. Fl. 2003) (recovery of \$2.5 million)
- *In re Pharmaprint Inc. Sec. Litig.*, Civ. No. 00-61 (AJL) (D.N.J. 2003) (recovery of \$2.3 million)

Stull, Stull & Brody is presently serving as plaintiffs' lead or co-lead counsel in a number of pending actions in various district courts, including:

Securities Class Action Cases

- *Unger v. Amedisys, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 01-703 (JJB) (M.D. La.)
- *Clive T. Miller v. Apropos Technology, Inc., et al.*, No. 01 C 8406 (N.D. Ill.)
- *Adam Burstyn, et al. v. Worldwide Xceed Group, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 01 CV 1125 (GEL) (S.D.N.Y.)
- *In re Cabletron Systems, Inc. Sec. Litig.*, C 97-542 (D.R.I.)
- *Sharon Bobbitt v. Andrew J. Filiposki, et al.*, No. 03 C 3599 (N.D. Ill.)
- *In re FleetBoston Financial Corp. Sec. Litig.*, Civ. No. 02-4561 (WGB) (D.N.J.)
- *In re Flextronics, Inc. Sec. Litig.*, No. C-03-2102 PJH (N.D. Ca.)
- *Dan Gavish, et al. v. Revlon, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 00 Civ. 7291 (SHS)

(S.D.N.Y.)

- *In re Irvine Sensors Corp. Sec. Litig.*, Master File No. SA 02-00159 GLT (MLGx) (C.D. Ca.)
- *Thomas Levitan v. John B. McCoy, Jr., et al.*, Case No. 00 C 5096 (N.D. Ill.)
- *In re Light Management Group, Inc. Sec. Litig.*, Civil Action No. 02-CV-3345(RO) (S.D.N.Y.)
- *In re Metris Companies, Inc. Sec. Litig.*, Civil Action No. 02-CV-3677 JMR/FLN (D. Minn.)
- *In re Peregrine Systems, Inc. Sec. Litig.*, Civil Action No. 02-CV-870 J (RBB) (S.D. Ca.) (for Securities Act of 1933 claims)
- *Frank Pringle v. Merck & Co., Inc., et al.*, Civil Action No. 03-3125 c/w 04-0147, 04-022 & 04-406 (E.D. La.)
- *In re Rhythms Sec. Litig.*, Civil Action No. 02-K-35 (GCL) (D. Co.)
- *Allain Roy, et al. v. Stephen I. Kahn, et al.*, Case No. 99 Civ. 3951 (JES) (S.D.N.Y.)
- *In re Safety Kleen Rollins Shareholder Litig.*, Case No. 3:00-1343-17 (D.S.C.)
- *In re Xerox Sec. Litig.*, Civil Action No. 3:99 CV 2374 (AWT) (D. Ct.)

ERISA Class Action Cases

- *In re AEP ERISA Litigation*, Master File No. C2-03-67 (S.D. Ohio)
- *In re AOL Time Warner ERISA Litigation*, Civil Action No. 02 CV 8853 (SWK) (S.D.N.Y.)
- *Harrington v. Household International, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 02 C 8257 (N.D. Ill.)
- *In re Lucent Technologies, Inc. ERISA Litig.*, Civil Action No. 01-cv-3491 (JAP) (D.N.J.)
- *In re Sears, Roebuck & Co. ERISA Litig.*, No. 02 C 8324 (N.D. Ill.)
- *In re Sprint Corporation ERISA Litig.*, Master File No. 2:03-CV-02202-JWL (D. Kan.)
- *Overby v. Tyco International, Ltd.*, Case No. 02-CV-1357-B (D.N.H.)

Stull, Stull & Brody's advocacy in these and other ERISA class actions, which have

been brought on behalf of 401(k) retirement plan participants and beneficiaries, has also yielded new law in the ERISA field. For example, in the *Lucent* ERISA litigation the firm was largely responsible for a frequently-cited ruling by the District Court dated February 11, 2002, where the Court denied a motion to stay the ERISA litigation against Lucent until resolution of a related securities class action against the company. Stull, Stull & Brody's briefing on the stay motion pointed out the many significant differences between ERISA and securities class actions, even when the ERISA and securities cases involve the same factual issues. The District Court ultimately ruled that "resolution of the securities class action . . . will not necessarily resolve all issues in this matter" and "[t]he legal issues here will still have to be determined, and a stay or continuance shall not change that fact."

ATTORNEYS

Stull, Stull & Brody maintains offices in both New York and Los Angeles. The following section sets forth basic educational and experience information for each of Stull, Stull & Brody's attorneys.

NEW YORK

Jules Brody is a graduate of Brooklyn College, *magna cum laude*, and received his L.L.B. from the New York University School of Law in 1964. Mr. Brody made the Dean's List and was an editor of the Law Review. Mr. Brody was the author of "The Equitable Power to Assess Counsel Fees" which was published in the New York University Intramural Law Review in May 1964. At NYU, Mr. Brody was a John Norton Pomeroy Scholar and received the American Jurisprudence Prize in Commercial Law and graduated in the top 10% of his class. He was admitted to the New York State Bar in 1964. Mr. Brody received his LL.M. in taxation from the graduate division of the NYU School of Law in 1967. Mr. Brody is also admitted to practice before the United States District Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York, the United States Courts of Appeals for the Second, Fourth and Fifth Circuits, and has been specially admitted to practice before various district courts throughout the United States.

Edwin J. Mills is Of Counsel to Stull, Stull & Brody. He is a graduate of Fordham University and received his J.D. from Brooklyn Law School in 1977. Mr. Mills was admitted to practice in the State of New York and in the Eastern District of New York in 1978. He has represented classes of purchasers of securities and shareholders for over 20 years in federal and state courts throughout the United States. He is experienced in

all aspects of securities class action litigation, including settlement negotiation and trial. Mr. Mills is also active in several large ERISA class action cases brought on behalf of 401(k) retirement plan participants and beneficiaries, including cases involving Lucent Technologies, Household International, Tyco International, Conesco, American Electric Power and Sears.

Mark Levine is a graduate of the University of Maryland and received his J.D. from Brooklyn Law School in 1981. He was admitted to the New York State Bar in 1982 and is admitted to practice before the United States District Courts for the Southern, Western and Eastern Districts of New York and the Northern District of Illinois, the United States Court of Appeals for the Second, Fourth, Sixth, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh Circuits, and has been specially admitted to practice before various other state and federal courts. He has participated in the litigation of securities class actions throughout the United States.

Howard T. Longman received his undergraduate degree from the University of Virginia and his J.D. from New York Law School in 1982. Mr. Longman is a member of the New York State Bar and has also been admitted to practice before the United States District Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York.

Patrick K. Slyne received his J.D. from the University of Wyoming in 1988. He is a member of the Colorado, Connecticut and Wyoming state bars.

Melissa R. Emert received her undergraduate degree from the State University of New York at Stony Brook and her J.D. from Brooklyn Law School in 1988. Ms. Emert is a member of the New York State Bar and has also been admitted to practice before the United States District Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York.

Caroline V. Camhy, an associate with the firm, received her undergraduate degree from New York University, Class of 1989, and received her J.D. from Touro College Jacob D. Fuchsberg Law Center in 1994. Ms. Camhy was admitted to the New York State Bar in 1995.

Aaron L. Brody received his undergraduate degree from Yeshiva University, *summa cum laude*, Class of 1990, and his J.D. from New York University School of Law in 1995. At NYU, Mr. Brody concentrated on securities law and was a staff editor on the *Review of Law and Social Change*. Mr. Brody is a member of the New York State Bar and is admitted to practice before the United States District Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York.

Tzivia Brody received her undergraduate degree from Stern College, *magna cum laude*, Class of 1992, and her J.D. from the Benjamin M. Cardozo School of Law in 1995. Ms. Brody is a member of the New York State Bar and is admitted to practice before the United States District Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York.

Theodore A. Bechtold received his undergraduate degree from Fordham University, Class of 1986, and his J.D. from Brooklyn Law School in 1995. Mr. Bechtold is a member of the New York and Connecticut State Bars and is admitted to practice before the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York.

Jason D'Agnenica received his undergraduate degree from Providence College, Class of 1995, and his J.D. from St. John's University School of Law in 1998. Mr. D'Agnenica is a member of the New Jersey State Bar and is admitted to practice before the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey and the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York.

Nathan G. Lamm received his undergraduate degree from Yeshiva University, Class of 1997, and his J.D. from Benjamin N. Cardozo School of Law in 2000. Mr. Lamm is a member of the New York State Bar and is admitted to practice before the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York.

Menashe Y. Shapiro received his undergraduate degree from Yeshiva University, *cum laude*, Class of 1997, and his J.D. from Benjamin N. Cardozo School of Law in 2000. Mr. Shapiro is a member of the New Jersey State Bar and is admitted to practice before the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey and the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York.

Bradley Dyer received his undergraduate degree from Lafayette College, Class of 1999, and his J.D. from Fordham University School of Law in 2002. Mr. Dyer is a member of the New York State Bar and is admitted to practice before the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York.

Michael J. Klein received his undergraduate degree in 2001 from Emory University and his J.D., with honors, from the University of Connecticut School of Law in 2004. While at the University of Connecticut, Mr. Klein served as an executive editor of the Connecticut Law Review. Mr. Klein is a member of the New York and Connecticut State Bars.

LOS ANGELES OFFICE

Patrice L. Bishop received her undergraduate degree from New York University and her J.D. from Loyola Law School - Los Angeles in 1994. Ms. Bishop is a member of the California State Bar and is admitted to practice before the United States District Courts for the Northern, Central, Southern and Eastern Districts of California, and the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit.

Timothy J. Burke graduated *magna cum laude* from Suffolk University and received his J.D. from the University of California at Los Angeles in 1995. Mr. Burke is a member of the California State Bar, and is admitted to practice before the United States District Courts for the Northern, Central, Southern and Eastern Districts of California, and the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit.

Michelle M. Furukawa graduated with highest honors in economics from the University of California, Berkeley and received her J.D. from the University of California, Los Angeles. While at UCLA, Ms. Furukawa externed for the Honorable Sheri Bluebond, U.S. Bankruptcy Court, and was Editor-in-Chief of the UCLA Asian Pacific American Law Journal. Ms. Furukawa is a member of the California State Bar and active with the Japanese American Bar Association.

EXHIBIT E

WEISS & LURIE

SUITE 2300
10940 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD
LOS ANGELES, CA 90024
TEL. (310) 208-2800
FAX (310) 209-2348

NEW YORK . LOS ANGELES

FIRM BIOGRAPHY

The law firm of Weiss & Lurie (formerly Weiss & Yourman) has offices in New York City and Los Angeles. In courts throughout the United States, the firm has litigated hundreds of stockholder class actions brought for violations of federal securities laws and shareholder class and derivative actions brought for violations of corporate and fiduciary duties. The firm also represents several class actions in the area of consumer fraud and unfair practices. The law firm has served as lead counsel in numerous actions on behalf of defrauded institutions and individuals for whom it has recovered over a billion dollars.

Several courts have commended the firm for its expertise and ability:

In In re United Telecommunications, Inc. Securities Litigation, No. 90-2251-0 (D. Kan.), Judge O'Conner stated "the court finds that plaintiffs' counsel were experienced and qualified attorneys with outstanding professional reputations in securities litigation who ably and zealously prosecuted the instant case on behalf of the class."

In In re VeriFone Inc. Securities Litigation, No. C-93-3640 DCJ (N.D. Cal.), Judge Jensen stated "I think the case was handled extremely well, extremely professionally, so I think you've done very well."

In In re Western Digital Securities Litigation, SACV 91-375(A) GLT (RWRx) (C.D. Cal.), Judge Taylor complimented plaintiffs' attorneys' work in the action, specifically noting "the caliber of the work involved [and] the quality of the attorneys involved."

In Georgallas v. Martin Color-Fi, Inc. Civil Action No. 6:95-06483 (D.S.C.), Judge Anderson expressed "the utmost respect" for the work of the firm.

In Bash v. Diagnostek, CV 94-794 M (D.N.M.), Judge Black said the case provided “a model for how commercial litigation should be conducted and can be resolved.”

In In re National Medical Enterprises Litigation, CV 93-5223-TJH and CV 93-5313-TJH (C.D. Cal.), Judge Hatter summed up the settlement hearing by saying, “I want to again thank counsel for the work that you put into this and hopefully it’s a settlement for which the claimants themselves will be appreciative of the results.”

Ellison v. American Image Motor, et al., Civil Action No. 97-3608 (S.D.N.Y.): In approving the settlement and fee application, Judge Chin commented that “It has been many years. The case was hard fought, very capable counsel on both sides, and I saw counsel many times. It was a hard fought case. It was a difficult case.”... “It’s probably not said very often, but in this case I think plaintiffs’ counsel are being under paid.” ... “Counsel did a great job...”

In In re Santa Fe Southern Pacific Corporation, Consol. Civ. No. 9523 (Del. Ch.), Chancellor Allen of the Delaware Chancery Court approved a settlement and cited the creativity and sophistication of plaintiffs' counsel.

Some of the actions which highlight the firm's accomplishments are:

CASES IN WHICH WEISS & LURIE WAS LEAD OR CO-LEAD COUNSEL

Jordan v. California Department of Motor Vehicles (Sacramento Cal.): The California Court of Appeal, Third Appellate District, held that the State of California’s \$300 smog impact fee was unconstitutional, paving the way for the creation of a \$665 million fund and full refunds to 1.7 million motorists.

In re Geodyne Resources, Inc. Securities Litigation (Harris Cty. Tex.): A settlement (including related litigation) totaling over \$200 million was obtained for the class.

In re Tenneco Securities Litigation (D. Tex.): A settlement of \$50 million was obtained for the class.

In re Community Psychiatric Center Securities Litigation (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$42.5 million was obtained for the class.

In re Crazy Eddie Securities Litigation (S.D.N.Y.): A settlement of \$42 million was obtained for the class.

In re Apria Healthcare Group Securities Litigation (Orange County Cal.): A settlement of \$42 million for the class was approved in August 2002 by the California Superior Court.

In re Canon Group Securities Litigation (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$33 million was obtained for the class.

In re Platinum Software Securities Litigation (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$32 million was obtained for the class.

In re United Telecommunications Securities Litigation (D. Kan.): A settlement of \$28 million was obtained for the class.

In re Bergen Brunswig Corp. Sec. Litig., (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$27.9 million was obtained for the class.

In re Abbey Healthcare Securities Litigation (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$20.5 million was obtained for the class.

Feinberg v. Hibernia Corp. (D. La.): A settlement of \$20 million was obtained for the class.

In re Southern Pacific Funding Corp. Sec. Litig., (D. Or.): A settlement of \$19.5 million was obtained for the class.

In re Aura Systems, Inc. Securities Litigation (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$18 million was obtained for the class.

In re MK Rail Securities Litigation (D. Idaho): A settlement of \$14.65 million was obtained for the class.

In re California Microwave Securities Litigation (N.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$14 million was obtained for the class.

In re Elscint Ltd Securities Litigation (D. Mass.): A settlement of \$12 million was obtained for the class.

Bash v. Diagnostek (D.N.M.): A settlement of \$11.7 million was obtained for the class.

In re Megafoods Securities Litigation (D. Ariz.): A settlement of \$12 million was obtained for the class.

In re GTECH Securities Litigation (D.R.I.): A settlement of \$10.25 million was obtained for the class.

In re Complete Management, Inc. Securities Litigation (S.D.N.Y.): A settlement of \$10.15 million was obtained for the class.

Berlinsky v. Alcatel (S.D.N.Y.): A settlement of \$8.8 million was obtained for the class.

Lopez v. Checkers Drive-In Restaurants, Inc. (M.D. Fl.): A settlement of over \$8.175 million was obtained for the class.

In re Mesa Airlines Securities Litigation (D.N.M.): A settlement of \$8 million was obtained for the class.

In re Resound Securities Litigation (N.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$8 million was obtained for the class.

In re Castle Energy Corp. Securities Litigation (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$7.5 million was obtained for the class.

In re Western Digital, Inc. Securities Litigation (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$6.75 million was obtained for the class.

In re Circle K Securities Litigation (D. Ariz.): A settlement of \$6 million was obtained for the class.

In re Aura Systems, Inc. Securities Litigation (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$5.55 million was obtained for the class.

In re Ascend Communications Securities Litigation (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$5.45 million was obtained for the class.

In re Southmark Securities Litigation (D. Tex.): A settlement of \$5 million was obtained for the class.

In re WCT Securities Litigation (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$5 million was obtained for the class.

In re Sumitomo Bank of California Securities Litigation (San Francisco Sup. Ct.): A settlement of \$4.95 million was obtained for the class.

In re NextLevel Systems, Inc. Securities Litigation (N.D. Ill.): A settlement of \$4.6 million was obtained for the class.

In re Shopping.com Securities Litigation (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$4.5 million was obtained for the class.

In re Denver Bonds Securities Litigation (D. Colo.): A settlement of \$4.5 million was obtained for the class.

In re Molecular Dynamics, Inc. Securities Litigation (N.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$4 million was obtained for the class.

In re Party City Corp. Securities Litigation (D.N.J.): A settlement of \$3.8 million was obtained for the class.

In re Iwerks Securities Litigation (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of approximately \$3.5 million was obtained for the class.

In re Davstar, Inc. Securities Litigation (C.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$3.4 million was obtained for the class.

In re Trident Securities Litigation (N.D. Cal.): A settlement of \$3.15 million was obtained for the class.

In re Offshore Pipelines Securities Litigation (S.D.N.Y.): A settlement of \$3 million was obtained for the class.

Gorga v. Uniroyal Chemical Corp. (Sup. Ct. Conn.): A settlement of \$3 million was obtained for the class.

CLASS AND DERIVATIVE ACTIONS HANDLED BY WEISS & LURIE WHERE A SIGNIFICANT BENEFIT WAS OBTAINED FOR THE COMPANY AND/OR THE SHAREHOLDERS

In re Bank of New York Corporate Derivative Litigation (Sup. Ct. NY)

In re Santa Fe Southern Pacific Corporation (Del. Ch.).

In re Genentech Shareholder Litigation (N.D. Cal.).

In re Beverly Enterprises Shareholder Litigation (Del. Ch.).

In re Tandon Computer Shareholder Litigation (C.D. Cal.).

In re Sears Shareholder Litigation (D. Ill.).

In re Xoma Shareholder Litigation (N.D. Cal.).

In re Castle Energy Corp. Shareholder Litigation (C.D. Cal.).

In re Times-Mirror, Inc. Shareholder Litigation (C.D. Cal.).

In re Lockheed Corp. Shareholder Litigation (C.D. Cal.).

In re Nexgen Securities Litigation (N.D. Cal.).

In re GT Greater Europe Securities Litigation (N.D. Cal.).

In re Pairgain Securities Litigation (S.D. Cal.).

In re AMI Securities Litigation (L.A. Superior).

Wallace v. Fox, et al. (Northeast Utilities) (D. Conn.)

BRIEF BIOGRAPHIES OF WEISS & LURIE ATTORNEYS

JOSEPH H. WEISS is a 1972 graduate of Columbia University Law School, where he was an editor of the Law Review. He is also a 1972 graduate of Columbia University Graduate School of Business from which he obtained a Masters in Business Administration. Mr. Weiss is a member of the Bar of the State of New York and is admitted to practice in the Southern District of New York, the Eastern District of New York, the Courts of Appeal for the First, Second, Third, Ninth and Federal Circuits, and has been admitted to practice in numerous other federal and state courts. He specializes in prosecuting class and derivative actions throughout the United States and has been appointed lead counsel and successfully concluded numerous such actions.

JORDAN LURIE is a partner in the Los Angeles office. Mr. Lurie received his law degree in 1987 from the University of Southern California Law Center where he was Notes Editor of the University of Southern California Law Review. He received his undergraduate degree from Yale University in 1984 (*cum laude*). Mr. Lurie has participated in all aspects of class actions. Mr. Lurie is the co-author of "Postponing a Municipal Court Election: The November Election Provision of Government Code Section 71180(b)," California Courts Commentary, November 1989; co-author of "Chapter 54 - Consent Judgment" and "Chapter 55 - Submitted Case," Civil Procedure Before Trial (1990), published by California Continuing Education of the Bar; and author of "Rx for Pharmacy Malpractice: California's New Duty to Consult," CEB Civil Litigation Reporter, December 1991.

Mr. Lurie also has been a featured speaker at California Mandatory Continuing Legal Education seminars regarding securities fraud and class actions. Mr. Lurie is a member of the State Bar of California and is admitted to practice before the United States District Courts for the Northern, Southern, Central and Eastern Districts of California.

MOSHE BALSAM is a senior associate in the New York office. He graduated from Brooklyn Law School in 1981 with a specialty in securities law. He was admitted to the New York State Bar in

1982. Mr. Balsam is also a member of the bars of the United States District Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York and has been admitted to practice before various other state and federal courts. He has participated in all aspects of numerous class action and shareholder derivative cases.

DAVID C. KATZ is a senior associate in the New York office. He is a 1988 Graduate of Benjamin N. Cardozo School Of Law. He is admitted to the New York State Bar and the United States District Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York.

JOSEPH D. COHEN is a senior associate in the New York office. He graduated from Case Western Reserve University School of Law in May 1989, where he received an award for excellence in Business Law. He received an LL.M in Corporate law from New York University in 1990. Mr. Cohen has co-authored several articles: "Mitsubishi and Shearson: A Misplaced Trust in Arbitration," New England Business Law Journal, 1990; "The Effects of Tax Reform on Golden Parachutes," North Atlantic Regional Business Law Review, August 1988; "Dual Class Common Stock and Its Effects on Shareholders and Legislators," American Business Law Association National Proceedings, August 1988.

Mr. Cohen is admitted to the State Bars of California and Rhode Island, as well as the United States District Courts for the Central, Southern and Northern Districts of California.

JAMES E. TULLMAN is an associate in the New York office. He graduated from the University of Delaware (B.A., 1988), and The Jacob D. Fuchsburg Law Center of Touro College (J.D., 1991), where he was an editor of the Journal of the Suffolk Academy of Law, Touro College, 1990-1991. Mr. Tullman is admitted to the state bars of Connecticut, New York, and California, as well as the United States District Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York, the Northern, Central and Southern Districts of California, and the United States Court of Appeal for the Ninth and Third Circuit.

RICHARD A. ACOCELLI is an associate in the New York Office. He received his law degree in 1990 from St. John's University School of Law. He is admitted to the State Bar of New York and the

United States District Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York and the Eastern District of Michigan.

JACK ZWICK is an associate in the New York Office. He received his law degree in 1993 from Benjamin N. Cardozo School of Law. He is admitted to the New York State Bar and the United States District Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York.

LEIGH PARKER is an associate in the Los Angeles office. She graduated from Indiana University (B.A. 1981), received her M.B.A. from the American Graduate School of International Management in 1982 and graduated from Loyola Law School in 1993, where she was a member of the Scott Moot Court Honors Board. She is admitted to the Bar of the State of California and the United States District Courts for the Central, Northern, Southern and Eastern Districts of California, as well as the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals.

MARK SMILOW is an associate in the New York office. He graduated Benjamin N. Cardozo School of Law in 1993, *magna cum laude*, where he was a member of the Cardozo Law Review. He is admitted to the New York and New Jersey State Bars, and the United States District Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York.

ZEV B. ZYSMAN is an associate in the Los Angeles office. He graduated from the University of Southern California (B.A. 1991), and received his law degree from the University of California, Hastings College of the Law (J.D. 1994). Mr. Zysman is admitted to the Bar of the State of California and the United States District Court for the Central District of California.

KARNIT DANIEL is an associate in the Los Angeles office. She graduated from Northeastern Illinois University (B.S., *magna cum laude*, 1999), and received her law degree, a Certificate in Alternative Dispute Resolution, and a Certificate in Entrepreneurship and Technology Law from the Pepperdine University School of Law (J.D. 2003). Ms. Daniel is admitted to the Bar of the State of California.

EXHIBIT F

GILMAN AND PASTOR, LLP

FIRM RESUME

GILMAN AND PASTOR, LLP is a law firm which concentrates in class action litigation on behalf of consumers, small businesses and investors. The firm has broad experience in the areas of consumer protection, products liability, antitrust, securities and other types of complex litigation. Although Gilman and Pastor, LLP's offices are located in Massachusetts and Florida, the firm litigates cases throughout the country, including both federal and state courts. Many of the firm's cases have involved complex multi-district litigation, including appearances before the Judicial Panel on Multi District Litigation. The attorneys in the firm are experienced in, and thoroughly familiar with, all aspects of class action litigation, including the underlying substantive law, the procedures recommended in the Manual for Complex Litigation, and the substance and procedure of class certification. The firm has recovered hundreds of millions of dollars for the clients it has represented.

REPRESENTATIVE CASES BY AREA OF PRACTICE

Securities

The firm is actively involved in litigation on behalf of defrauded individual and institutional investors in both class action and shareholder derivative litigation.

The firm served as Co-Lead Counsel in In re Blech Securities Litigation, 94-CIV-7696-RWS (S.D. N.Y.) asserting market manipulation claims against the brokerage firm of D. Blech & Co., its principals, its clearing broker, and several other alleged participants in connection with an alleged scheme to inflate the prices of various biotechnology securities. In a vigorously litigated case, the firm and its co-counsel obtained certification of a class of purchasers of 22 separate securities, successfully opposed various motions to dismiss, and, subsequently, motions for summary judgment, and after extensive discovery and trial preparation, negotiated over \$15 million in cash settlements on behalf of the class. This case resulted in several reported opinions, including one that has been frequently cited and referred to by commentators on the issue of clearing broker liability. In re Blech Securities Litigation, 961 F. Supp. 569 (S.D. N.Y. 1997).

Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as Co-Lead Counsel in Hynes v. The Enstar Group, Inc., et al. 90-C-1204-N (M.D. Alabama). In the face of substantial risks of an unsuccessful outcome due to the bankruptcy (and consequent immunity from suit) of Enstar and the bankruptcy of Enstar's chairman who was the chief architect of the fraud, Gilman and Pastor, LLP aggressively litigated the case on behalf of the Class and obtained settlements totaling in excess of \$19 million from several defendants, including a major accounting firm, a major law firm, and former outside directors after the conclusion of extensive discovery and immediately prior to the scheduled trial. Subsequently, Gilman and Pastor, LLP won an additional \$4.1 million for the class in collateral litigation against Michael Milken and related entities.

The firm was Co-Lead Counsel in Cooper v. Kana, et al. Civil Action No. 3:98-CV-2804-M (N.D. Texas) on behalf of purchasers of CPS Systems, Inc. ("CPS") stock in connection with its \$8.74 million initial public offering ("IPO") and trading on the American Stock Exchange thereafter, against CPS, its officers and directors, the underwriters for its IPO, and CPS's independent auditors, alleging misstatements in the IPO Prospectus and subsequent press releases and SEC filings concerning CPS's revenue recognition methods and reported revenues and earnings. After CPS restated its earnings and filed bankruptcy, the firm and its co-counsel obtained class certification, defeated various motions to dismiss, conducted discovery, engaged in two separate mediations, and ultimately recovered \$3.44 million in cash settlements on behalf of the class against the remaining defendants.

The firm served as Co-Lead Counsel in Lynn v. Infinity Investors Limited, et al. 3:97-CV-226 (E.D. Tenn.), a case asserting claims for open market securities fraud and for breach of contract arising out of an alleged complex scheme to evade the requirements of Regulation S of the Securities Act of 1933 and to manipulate the market prices of United Petroleum Corporation ("UPET") stock. The firm obtained class certification, successfully objected to UPET's bankruptcy plan in another jurisdiction that would have otherwise dismissed the action with prejudice, and overcame other significant obstacles in a vigorously litigated case to ultimately obtain a \$4 million cash settlement, recovering a very substantial portion of actual losses claimed by class members.

Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as Co-Lead Counsel in In re Hallwood Energy Partners L.P. Securities Litigation, 90-Civ-1555-JFK (S.D.N.Y.) in which a \$9.1 million settlement was obtained after five years of intensive litigation. This class action arose out of a complex merger and exchange offer transaction involving several publicly traded oil and gas limited partnership entities. The litigation challenged the fairness of the exchange and involved highly complex oil and gas valuations and methodologies. Gilman and Pastor, LLP effectively managed the litigation and diligently prosecuted the case on behalf of a Class of approximately forty thousand unitholders.

Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as Co-Lead Counsel in Caven v. Miller, et al. No. H-96-CV-3464 (EW) (S.D. Tex.), a shareholder derivative action arising out of the merger of a publicly held hospital company with and into a firm in the same industry that had been privately held. After the merger, the successor firm downwardly restated its financial results due to its own previously undisclosed accounting irregularities and losses. After defeating motions to dismiss on various grounds, conducting discovery, and engaging in mediations, Plaintiffs recovered over \$18 million in benefits on behalf of the successor company from various insiders of both companies involved.

The firm served as one of four co-lead counsel representing a class of securities purchasers in In re Immunex Securities Litigation, No. C92-548 (W.D. Wash.), and obtained a settlement of \$14 million.

The firm served as one of three co-lead counsel representing a class of limited partners in In re Oxford Tax Exempt Fund Securities Litigation, No. 95-3643 (D. Md.), a case asserting federal securities and related common law claims arising out of a complex partnership restructuring transaction, and obtained a settlement valued in excess of \$11 million.

Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as lead counsel in Sullivan, et al. v. Shearson California Radisson Plaza Partners, Limited Partnership, et al., No. 89-5472-JMI (C.D. Cal.), a case arising out of a publicly offered limited partnership wherein claims under the 1934 Exchange Act and the 1933 Securities Act were asserted on behalf of the investors. The case involved complex issues of hotel appraisal and valuation, and resulted in a settlement valued in excess of \$11 million on behalf of the class.

In Hartley v. Stamford Towers Limited Partnership, et al., No. C-90-2146-JPV (N.D. Cal.), another action arising out of a public limited partnership offering, the firm served as co-lead counsel for the investor class and obtained a settlement of \$6.5 million. In that litigation the plaintiffs engaged in extensive discovery and negotiations and consultation with real estate valuation experts, in the face of several challenging obstacles.

The firm served as co-lead counsel representing a class of more than 4,000 investors in a series of oil and gas drilling programs in the Woodlands Energy and Development Corporation/ Intercomex Financial Corp. Litigation (encompassing several related civil actions in various federal and state courts in Texas and California). That litigation involved complicated securities issues, as well as certain novel insurance liability questions, and was also contested vigorously by the defendants with respect to every aspect of the case. In that case, plaintiffs' counsel overcame several rounds of briefing on motions to dismiss the pleadings and a vigorous opposition to class certification. Counsel then engaged in a long series of merits discovery, and eventually took part in intense negotiations that led to several partial settlements. Ultimately, Gilman and Pastor, LLP, together with their co-counsel, recovered in excess of \$11 million for investors.

The firm was one of four firms actively involved in Alert Income Partners Securities Litigation, No. 92-2-9150 (D. Colo.) a securities class action brought against promoters of a series of limited partnerships, their auditors and other parties. After extensive discovery, a settlement was reached valued at \$60 million.

Gilman and Pastor, LLP, as lead class counsel, achieved a successful settlement in the case of Hutson, et al. v. Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, et al., No. 89 Civ. 8358 (L.M.M.) (S.D.N.Y.). That case, which arose out of the offering of limited partnership interests, involved mortgage revenue bonds issued by many state and local government agencies which were secured by participating non-recourse mortgage loans on fourteen apartment projects and retirement communities. As lead counsel, Gilman and Pastor, LLP was responsible for and managed all aspects of the complex litigation which also involved the subject areas of real estate financing and valuation, secured lending and foreclosure. In addition, because the case involved a 1985

offering, there were serious statute of limitations questions facing plaintiffs and plaintiffs' counsel. Despite these momentous problems, the firm obtained a settlement valued at \$14 million for the class. Judge McKenna, in approving the settlement, praised plaintiffs' counsel for their efficient work.

Gilman and Pastor, LLP was one of five firms actively involved in the In re Granada Partnership Securities Litigation, MDL No. 837 (S.D. Tex.), in which a partial settlement in excess of \$14 million was reached with certain of the defendants. This was an extremely contentious lawsuit in which every procedural step was a pitched battle. After protracted litigation with extensive motion practice, the partial settlement was reached, which accounted for virtually all of the available financial resources of the settling defendants.

Other examples of the firm's litigation ability are the dual settlements achieved in the related cases styled In re Permian Partners, L.P. Securities Litigation, No. 11373 (Del. Ch. Ct.) and Rodgers v. National Intergroup, Inc., et al. No. 90-11653-Z (D. Mass.). Gilman and Pastor, LLP was designated as lead counsel and directed and participated in every aspect of the cases. The first settlement, valued at \$6.1 million, plus non-monetary benefits, arose out of an action in the Delaware Chancery Court challenging a merger of limited partnership interests. Gilman and Pastor, LLP conducted extensive discovery in that litigation, most of which was done on an expedited basis, and consulted with experts, including authorities on oil and gas. The litigation involved many complex issues, including issues relating to the valuation of interstate and intrastate pipeline assets. The settlement was reached after the conclusion of expedited discovery and prior to a hearing on our motion for preliminary injunction. The second settlement successfully concluded litigation in the U.S District Court in Massachusetts arising out of the 1987 public offering of the partnership interests which later became the subject of the merger proposal.

Gilman and Pastor, LLP has also played a major role in significant litigation challenging limited partnership roll-ups, restructurings, exchanges and mergers, including the Hallwood Energy, Oxford and Permian cases described above, Adam et al. v. Berkshire Realty Corporation, No. 90-12864 WF (D. Mass), where the firm served as co-lead counsel and achieved a settlement consisting of cash and warrants valued at \$7.5 million, In re Equitec Rollup Litigation, Master File No. C-90-2064 (N.D. Cal); Laurence v. Brewer, No. 97-15464 (Del. Ch. Ct.), where the firm served as co-lead counsel (challenging a tender offer by general partners for publicly traded master limited partnership, and obtaining settlement with establishment of dividend payments to limited partners); LLOV Partners v. INCO Limited, No. 00-4999 (NHP) (D.N.J.) (challenging tender offer by parent company for tracking stock of subsidiary); and Rosenblum v. Equis Financial Group, No. 98-8030 (S.D. Fla.) (class and derivative settlements on behalf of three sub-classes).

Gilman and Pastor, LLP has also been actively involved in numerous other class actions arising under the federal securities laws, including In re Painwebber Inc. Limited Partnership Litigation, No. 94-CV-8547 (S.D.N.Y.); In re The One Bancorp Securities Litigation, No. 89-0315-P (D.

Me.); In re VMS Securities Litigation, No. 89C 9448 (N.D. Ill.); In re Shearson Union Square Associates Securities Litigation, (Del. Ch. Ct.); In re Software Publishing Securities Litigation, C-93-20246 (N.D. Cal.); In re Prudential-Bache Energy Income Partnerships Litigation, MDL No. 888 (E.D. LA); In Re: T² Medical Inc. Shareholder Litigation, 92-CIV-1564 (N.D. Ga.); In re Interneuron Pharmaceuticals Securities Litigation; 97-12254 (D. Mass.); In re UDC Homes Securities Litigation, 95-08941 (Maricopa County, AZ Superior Ct.); and In re Towers Financial Securities Litigation, 93-0810 (S.D.N.Y.).

Defective Products

Gilman and Pastor, LLP is actively involved in litigation involving defective products, including defective building products, pharmaceutical products, motor vehicles, electronics and other products.

In Sebago, Inc., et al. v. Beazer East, Inc., et al., No. 96-10069 (D. Mass.), Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as lead class counsel in a suit on behalf of owners of buildings with corrosive phenolic foam roof insulation. The litigation was extremely contentious, involved numerous potentially dispositive motions, discovery motions and extensive class certification proceedings. The defendants ultimately produced hundreds of thousands of documents as well as hundreds of depositions. To prepare for hearings on class certification, summary judgment and trial, Gilman and Pastor marshaled testimony from experts in a variety of disciplines, including roof engineering, structural engineering, materials science and corrosion, and financial analysis. The firm obtained a significant decision upholding RICO claims against the manufacturers. See Sebago, Inc. v. Beazer East, Inc., 18 F. Supp. 2d 70 (D.Mass. 1998). The Court recently approved nationwide class settlements with the two manufacturers of the phenolic foam insulation, worth a combined estimated present value of more than \$240 million.

In Coleman, et al. v. GAF Building Materials Corporation, No. CV-96-0954-GALANOS (Circuit Court of Mobile County, Alabama), Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as lead counsel for a nationwide class of persons who owned properties with defective roofing shingles. The firm recently obtained a settlement with benefits estimated at a present value in excess of \$75 million.

In Paradis v. Bird Incorporated, No. 00-C-0235 (Merrimack, N.H. Superior Court), Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as lead counsel on behalf of purchasers of Bird defective roofing shingles. The settlement obtained was valued at approximately \$9.6 million.

Other cases handled by the firm involving defective building products include Foster v. ABTco, Inc. (Civil Action No. CV95-151-M, Choctaw County, Alabama) (defective hardboard siding; nationwide class certified and class settlement approved); In re Louisiana-Pacific Corporation Inner-Seal OSB Trade Practices Litigation, (Master File No. C-95-3178-VRW, N.D.Cal.) (defective oriented strand board (OSB); nationwide class certified and settlement approved).

Consumer Protection and Antitrust

The firm is also actively involved in litigation involving price-fixing and other anti-competitive conduct, deceptive sales practices, and unfair and deceptive trade practices.

Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as sole Class Counsel in Fortin v. Ajinomoto, et al, (Civil Action No. 02-2345C, Middlesex Superior Court Department, Mass.), and recently obtained final approval of partial class settlements totaling \$8.2 million.

Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as a member of the Plaintiffs Steering Committee in Ciardi v. F. Hoffman-LaRoche, Ltd., et al., (Civil Action No. 99-03244, Middlesex Superior Court Department, Mass.), a case that created new law in Massachusetts conferring standing upon indirect purchasers for claims arising from price-fixing or other anti-competitive conduct. Settlement funds valued at over \$22.5 million were obtained and distributed to over 300 charitable organizations providing food and nutrition programs in Massachusetts.

Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as sole counsel in Boos v. Abbott Laboratories, No. 95-10091 (D.Mass.), which was the first case in which indirect purchasers in Massachusetts ever recovered damages arising from a price-fixing conspiracy. The case was settled in 1997 for \$2.5 million.

Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as lead counsel in Muccioli v. Sony Computer Entertainment America, Inc., No. 413148 (San Mateo Cty. California Superior Court) and obtained a substantial nationwide class settlement that provided free service and repairs during an extended warranty period and partial refunds of past repair costs to purchasers of Sony Playstation Models 1001 and 5501 in an action arising out of alleged product defects, breaches of warranty, and deceptive trade practices.

The firm was lead counsel in Hardy v. Sears Roebuck & Co., Civil Action No. 98-CH-06305 (Cook County, Illinois) obtaining a nationwide class settlement which provided warranty repairs to consumers who purchased home improvement services from Sears and its authorized contractors.

The firm is a member of the Plaintiffs' Counsels' Steering Committee in In re High Fructose Corn Syrup Antitrust Litigation, MDL No. 1083, U.S. District Court for the Central District of Illinois, antitrust suit on behalf of businesses which purchased high fructose corn syrup at prices which were inflated due to a massive, world-wide price-fixing conspiracy.

Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as sole counsel for the class in Anslono v. Thorn Americas, Inc. (Civil Action No. 98-0049, Suffolk Superior Court Department, Mass.), and obtained a class settlement of claims for false advertising of "rent to own" contracts.

In In re Packard Bell Consumer Class Action Litigation, No. BC 125671 (California Superior Court), Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as counsel and obtained a substantial settlement for

purchasers of "reconditioned" personal computer systems which were falsely advertised as "new."

In In re Miracle Ear Consumer Litigation, No. 94-1696 (Dist. Ct. Minn.), Gilman and Pastor, LLP served as counsel and obtained a substantial settlement for purchasers of hearing aids which had been falsely advertised.

Gilman and Pastor, LLP has been actively involved in litigation arising from life insurance sales practices, including Michaels v. Phoenix Home Life Mutual Insurance Company, Index No. 5318-95 (NY.Sup.Ct., Albany County), 1997 N.Y.Misc. LEXIS 171 (1996) (approving class settlement); Natal v. Transamerica Occidental Life Insurance Company, Index No. 694829 (CA.Sup.Ct., San Diego County, 1997) (approving class settlement); In re: Manufacturers Life Insurance Company Premium Litigation, MDL No. 1109 (S.D.Cal.) (substantial settlement for class); In re: Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada Insurance Litigation, MDL No. 1102 (D.N.J.) (substantial settlement for class); In re: New England Mutual Life Insurance Company Sales Practices Litigation, MDL No. 1105 (D.Mass.) (court appointed Gilman and Pastor, LLP as liaison counsel in MDL proceeding; court subsequently approved substantial class settlement); Duhaine v. John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company (Civil Action No. 96-10706-GAO, D.Mass.) (substantial class settlement).

Gilman and Pastor, LLP has developed unique expertise in litigation involving pyramid marketing schemes, including obtaining significant decisions in Webster v. Omnitrition, 79 F.3d 776, 782 (9th Cir. 1996) (holding that multi-level marketing firm could be found to be a pyramid scheme and an investment security where there was no evidence that it actually enforced "anti-pyramid" requirements; class settlement approved following successful appeal by Gilman and Pastor); Capone v. Nu Skin Canada, Inc. (Case No. 93-C-2855, D.Utah) (Gilman and Pastor obtained court approval of settlement of class claims against multi-level marketing firm after successfully opposing multiple motions to dismiss and for summary judgment and after extensive discovery); Rhodes v. Consumers' Buyline, Inc., 868 F.Supp. 368 (D.Mass. 1993) (case settled after Gilman and Pastor obtained court ruling that contractual arbitration clause was unenforceable because distributorship agreement violated public policies against pyramid marketing schemes).

ATTORNEYS

KENNETH GILMAN is a graduate of Suffolk University Law School (J.D., 1979) and Boston University (B.A., 1976). Mr. Gilman is a member of the bars of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, the State of Florida, the U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts and the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida. He is a member of the Massachusetts Bar Association, the Florida Bar and the American Bar Association. Mr. Gilman has served, and currently serves as lead or co-counsel in various types of complex litigation, including cases in the areas of antitrust, consumer protection, insurance, dangerous and defective products, environmental law, personal injury and securities fraud.

Representative cases which have produced significant legal developments, include: Sebago, Inc., et. al. v. Beazer East, Inc., et. al., No. 96-10069- Wolf (D. Mass.) (Nationwide Class Settlements with two manufacturers of phenolic insulation with a value in excess of \$240 million; 18 F.Supp.2d 70 (D.Mass. 1998); Coleman, et. al. v. GAF Building Materials Corporation, No. CV-96-0954-Galanos (Circuit Court of Mobile County, Alabama) (Nationwide class of persons who owned properties with GAF defective roofing shingles with settlement value in excess of \$75 million); In re: Louisiana-Pacific Corporation Inner-Seal OSB Trade Practices Litigation; Ciardi v. F. Hoffman-LaRoche Ltd, et. al., (Civil Action No. 99-03244, Middlesex Superior Court Department Mass.), (a case that created new law in Massachusetts conferring standing upon indirect purchasers for claims of price-fixing or other anti-competitive conduct. Settlement funds obtained of over \$22.5 million); Michaels v. Phoenix Home Life Mutual Insurance Company, Index No. 5318-95 (N.Y.Sup.Ct. Albany County) 1997 N.Y. misc. LEXIS 171 (1996); Agnes v. The Enstar Group, Inc., et. al., 90-C-1204-N (M.D. Alabama)(Settlement obtained of over \$23 million); In re Hallwod Energy Partners L.P. Securities Litigation, 90-Civ-1555-JFK (S.D.N.Y.)(In which a \$9.1 million settlement was obtained after five years of intensive litigation arising out of a complex oil and gas merger; Sullivan, et. al. v. Shearson California Radison Plaza Partners Limited Partnership, et. al., No. 89-5472 (C.D.Cal.)(Securities fraud action resulting in settlement in excess of \$11 million); and Alert Income Partners Securities Litigation, No. 92-2-9150(D.Colo.)(Securities fraud action resulting in settlement valued at \$60 million).

Mr. Gilman was previously associated with Gilman, McLaughlin and Hanrahan in Boston, Massachusetts and with the firm of Blackwell, Walker, Gray, Powers, Flick and Hoehl in Miami, Florida. In 1985, Mr. Gilman was appointed by the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida as the Equity Receiver in the Intercontinental Commodities litigation. During the period from 1980 through 1984, he participated as counsel to the Equity Receiver in the Lloyd Carr and Company commodities fraud litigation. In that capacity, he prosecuted complex litigation in Federal and state courts in Massachusetts and Florida, resulting in significant recoveries for defrauded investors. Also as part of this litigation, Mr. Gilman acted as special counsel for the Department of Justice.

DAVID PASTOR is a 1979 graduate of Boston University School of Law and a 1976 graduate of Haverford College. During law school, Mr. Pastor clerked for two Wisconsin state court judges. Mr. Pastor is a member of the bar of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, the U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts and the U.S. Court of Appeals for the First Circuit. He is a member of the Massachusetts Bar Association, the American Bar Association and the Association of Trial Lawyers of America. Mr. Pastor has served, and currently serves as class counsel in numerous class actions in various state and federal courts and has substantial experience in various types of complex class action litigation, including cases involving securities fraud and market manipulation, privacy rights, antitrust misconduct, consumer protection claims and defective products. Certain of Mr. Pastor's cases have produced significant legal developments, including In re Blech Securities Litigation, 961 F. Supp. 569 (S.D.N.Y. 1997) and 2002 WL 31356498 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 17, 2002)(liability of a clearing broker as a primary violator for a scheme initiated by one of the clearing broker's correspondent broker-dealers) and Weld v. Glaxo Wellcome, Inc., 434 Mass. 81, 746 N.E.2d 522 (2001)(certification

of class action against several defendants engaged in parallel conduct where certain defendants had no contact with the plaintiff and engaged in no conduct which directly affected the plaintiff).

JOHN C. MARTLAND is a 1978 graduate of Suffolk University Law School (J.D.) and received a Bachelor of Arts degree from Colby College in 1972. Mr. Martland was previously associated with the Law Offices of Harold Brown in Boston, Massachusetts, where he was the senior trial attorney and with the firm of Ring and Rudnick, also located in Boston. Mr. Martland has had experience in a wide variety of complex civil litigation and been trial counsel in complex civil actions in state and federal courts throughout the United States. He has served as counsel in complex business litigation in state courts in Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Maine. He has represented franchisees in arbitration proceedings before the American Arbitration Association in Massachusetts, North Carolina, Illinois and New Jersey. He is a member of the bar of the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts, the U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the First Circuit, and the Supreme Court of the United States of America. He is a member of the Massachusetts Bar Association and the American Bar Association and is a member of the ABA Antitrust Section. Mr. Martland was a speaker at the 1998 Annual Forum on Franchising of the American Bar Association, where he delivered a paper entitled "Mediation: An In-Depth Analysis of the Process and the Techniques - the Franchisee Perspective" and has been a frequent speaker at the annual conventions of the American Franchise Association and the American Association of Franchisees and Dealers on franchise law topics.

DOUGLAS M. BROOKS is a 1982 graduate of Suffolk University Law School (J.D.) and received a Bachelor of Arts degree from Northwestern University in 1979. He was a Note Editor for the Suffolk University Transnational Law Journal in 1981-1982. Mr. Brooks was previously associated with the Law Offices of Harold Brown in Boston, Massachusetts. Mr. Brooks has litigated a wide variety of civil cases, including matters involving franchising, dealer and distribution, as well as securities actions. He is a member of the bar of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, the U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts, and the U.S. Court of Appeals for the First Circuit. He is a member of the Massachusetts Bar Association and a member of the Forum on Franchising and Litigation Section of the American Bar Association. Mr. Brooks was a speaker at the 1995 Annual Forum on Franchising of the American Bar Association, where he delivered a paper entitled "Survey Evidence - Use of Collected Data in Encroachment Cases" and has been a frequent speaker at the annual conventions of the American Association of Franchisees and Dealers and the American Franchise Association. Significant trials and appeals handled by Mr. Brooks include NXIVM Corp. v. Ross Institute, 364 F.3d 471 (2nd Cir. 2004) (affirming denial of preliminary injunction against non-profit anti-cult organization in lawsuit alleging Copyright and Lanham Act violations; Mr. Brooks is representing the defendant *pro bono*); Wolinetz v. Berkshire Life Insurance Co., 361 F.3d 44 (1st Cir. 2004) (reversing summary judgment in "vanishing premium" case based on statute of limitations); In re: America Online, Inc., 168 F.Supp.2d 1359 (S.D.Fla. 2001) (denying summary judgment); Scheck v. Burger King Corp., 756 F.Supp. 543 (S.D.Fla. 1991) (denying summary judgment in franchise encroachment litigation), *further opinion*, 798 F.Supp. 692 (S.D.Fla. 1992); Rhodes v. Consumers' Buyline, Inc., 668 F.Supp. 368 (D.Mass. 1993) (denying motion to

compel arbitration in pyramid scheme case); Szymanski v. Boston Mutual Life Ins. Co., 56 Mass.App. 367 (2002), rev. den., 438 Mass. 1106 (2003) (reversing summary judgment in vanishing premium litigation); Oganesov v. GNC Franchising Inc., Bus. Franchise Guide (CCH) ¶11,808 (Pa. Ct. Cmn. Pl., March 3, 2000) (awarding \$700,000 judgment for franchisee in encroachment litigation), aff'd, Bus. Franchise Guide (CCH) ¶12,163 (Pa.Super. 2001).

DOUGLAS J. HOFFMAN is a graduate of the George Washington University Law School (J.D. 1995) and The University of Wisconsin - Madison (B.S. 1992). Prior to joining Gilman and Pastor, Mr. Hoffman was an associate with the firm of Milberg Weiss Bershad & Schulman LLP.

Mr. Hoffman is an experienced class action attorney who has litigated a wide variety of significant individual cases and class actions, including: securities fraud, consumer fraud and employment discrimination. Significant cases in which Mr. Hoffman has played a central role include: *Mauldin, et al. v. Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.*, No. 1:01-CV-2755, 2002 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 21024 (N.D. Ga. Aug. 23, 2002) (granting class certification in case alleging discrimination in employer's health plan); *Warren, et al. v. Xerox Corporation*, No. 01 Civ. 2909, 2004 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 5080 (E.D.N.Y. March 11, 2004) (certifying nationwide class of African-American salespeople alleging discrimination in assignment of sales territories); *Cokely, et al. v. The New York Convention Center Operating Commission*, No. 00 Civ. 4637, 2004 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 9264 (S.D.N.Y. May 21, 2004) (certifying class of African-American and Hispanic employees alleging discrimination at the Jacob K. Javits Convention Center in New York City). At Gilman and Pastor, Mr. Hoffman practices in the areas of Securities Fraud, Consumer Protection, Antitrust, and Employment Discrimination.

Mr. Hoffman is a member of the following Bars: Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Commonwealth of Virginia, State of Maryland, District of Columbia, U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit and the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit.